

## Prepulse Inhibition (PPI)

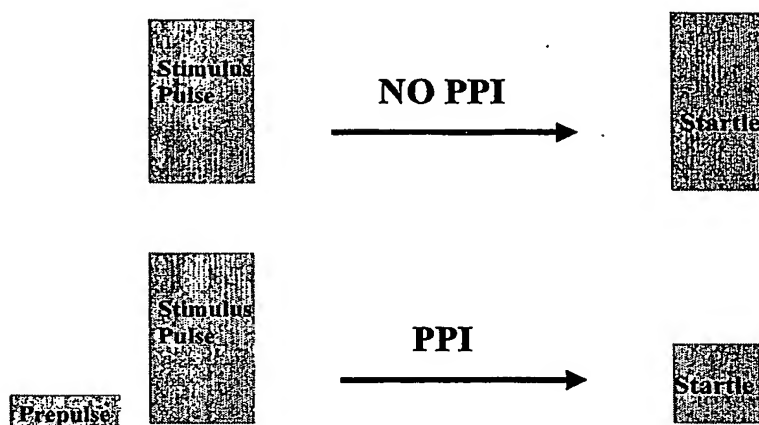
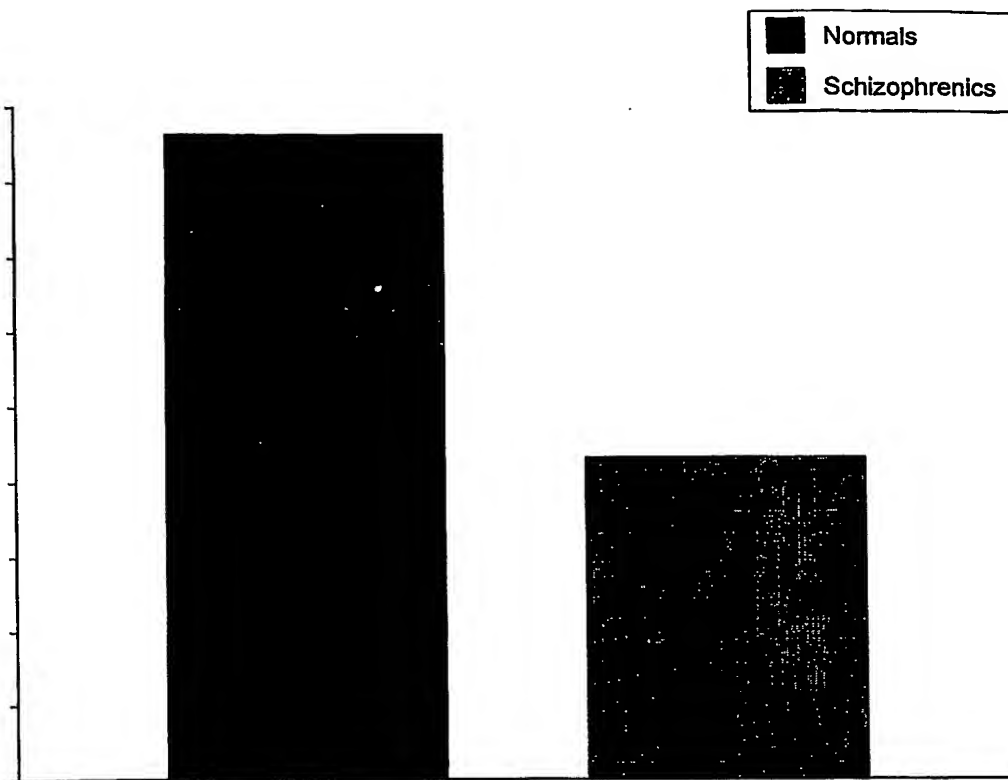


Figure 1.

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Figure 2  
PPI is reduced in Schizophrenia patients

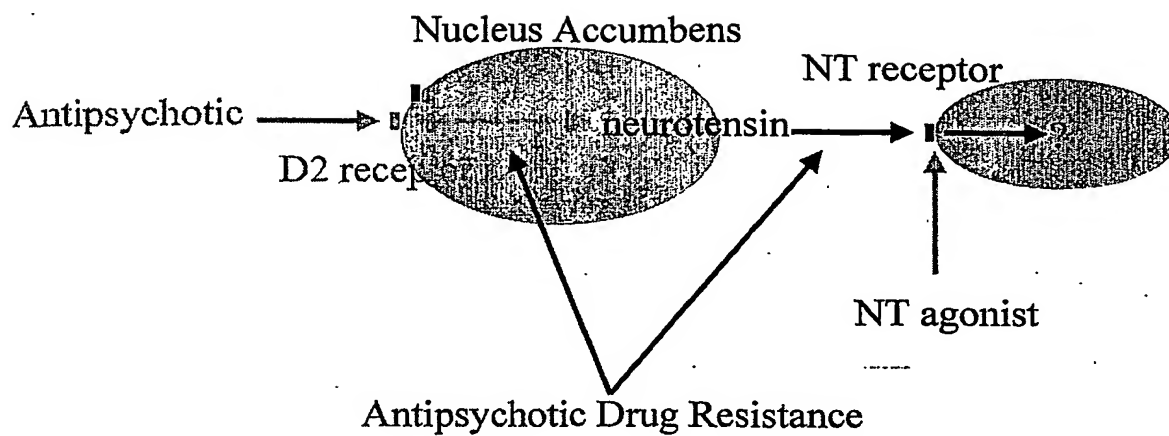


Figure 3  
Possible mechanism for psychotropic effects of neurotensin agonists

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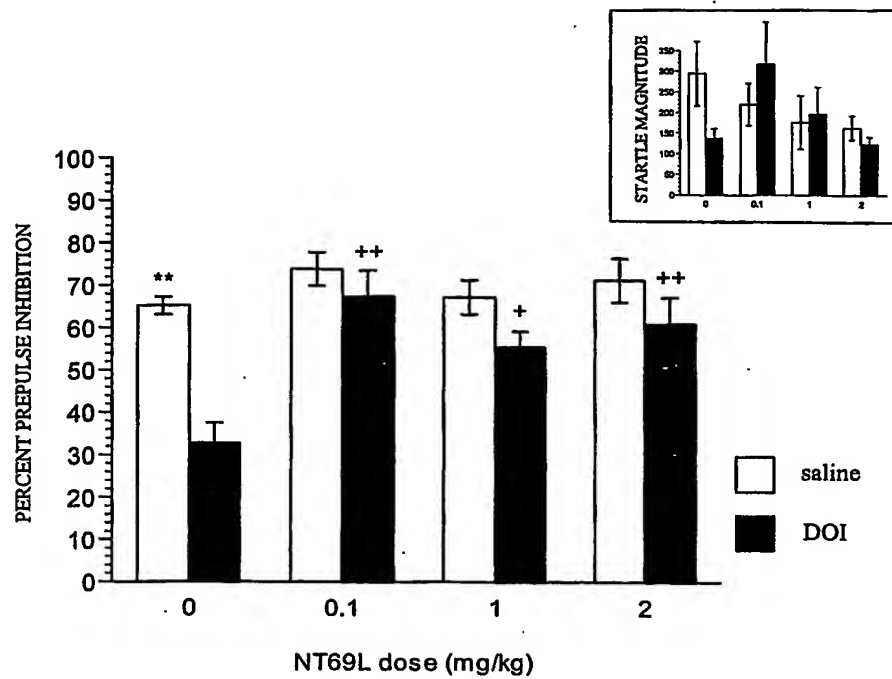


Figure 4

NT69L blocks PPI disruption produced by the serotonin-2A agonist.

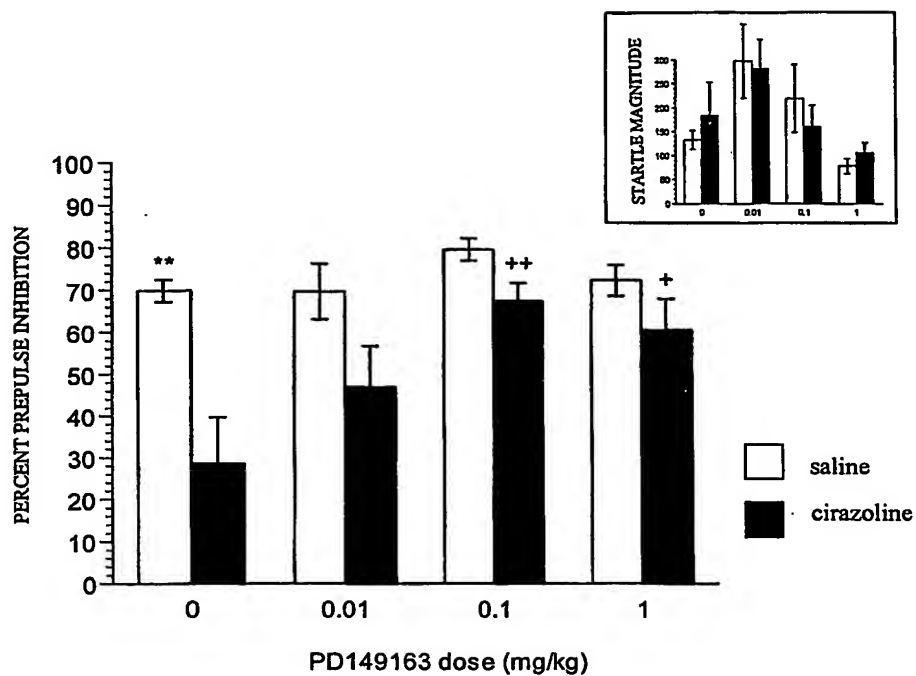


Figure 5

PD149163 blocks the PPI disruption produced by the alpha-1 adrenergic agonist, cirazoline.

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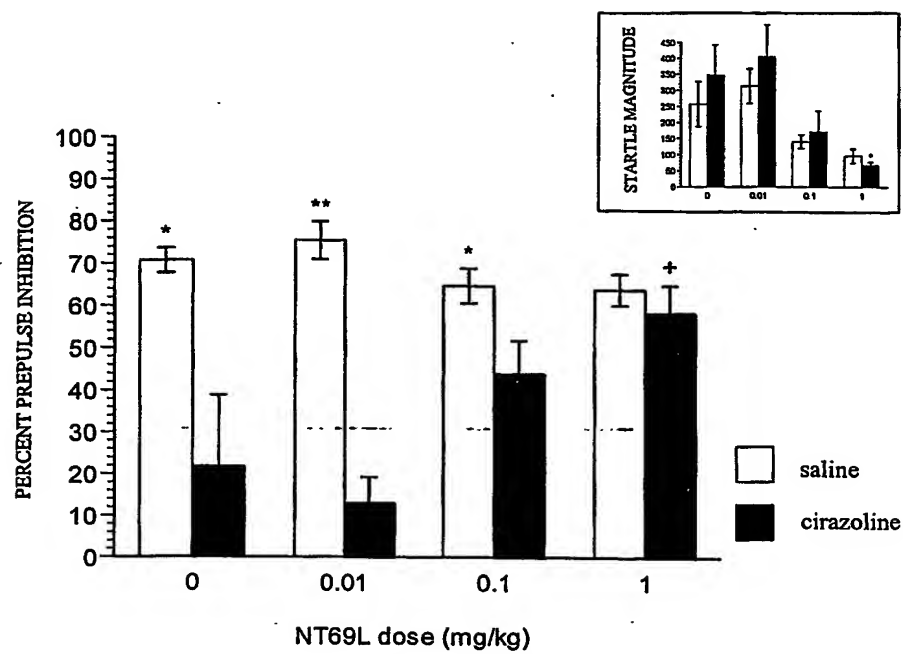


Figure 6  
NT69L blocks PPI disruption by cirazoline

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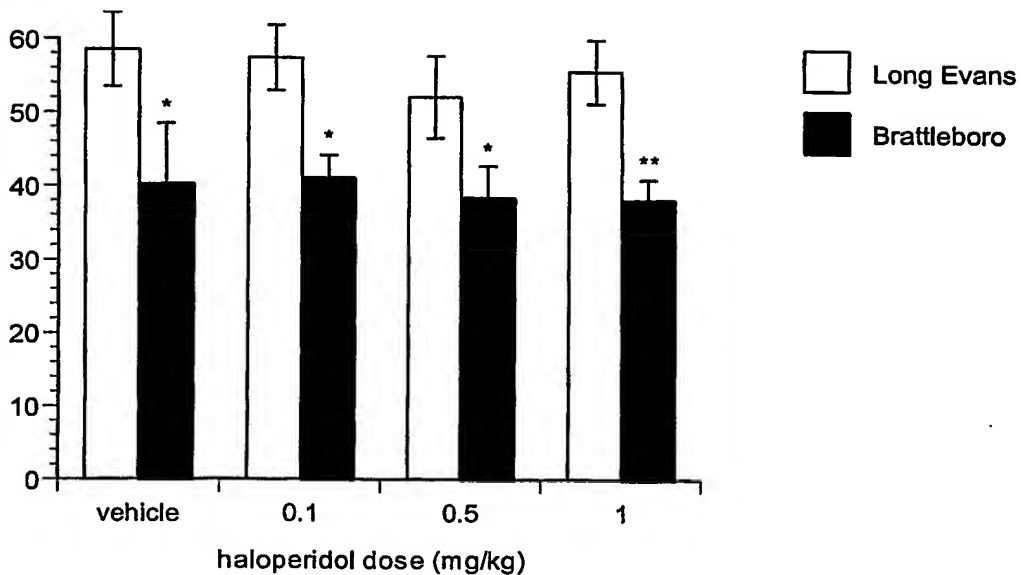
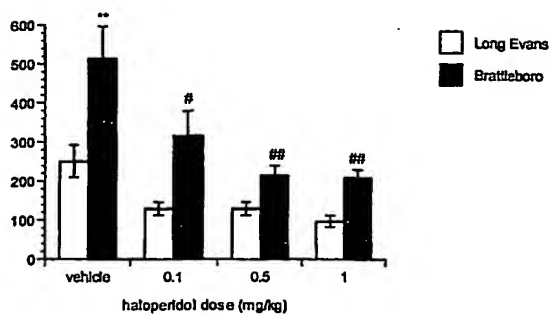


Figure 7

Haloperidol does no effect PPI deficits in BB rats

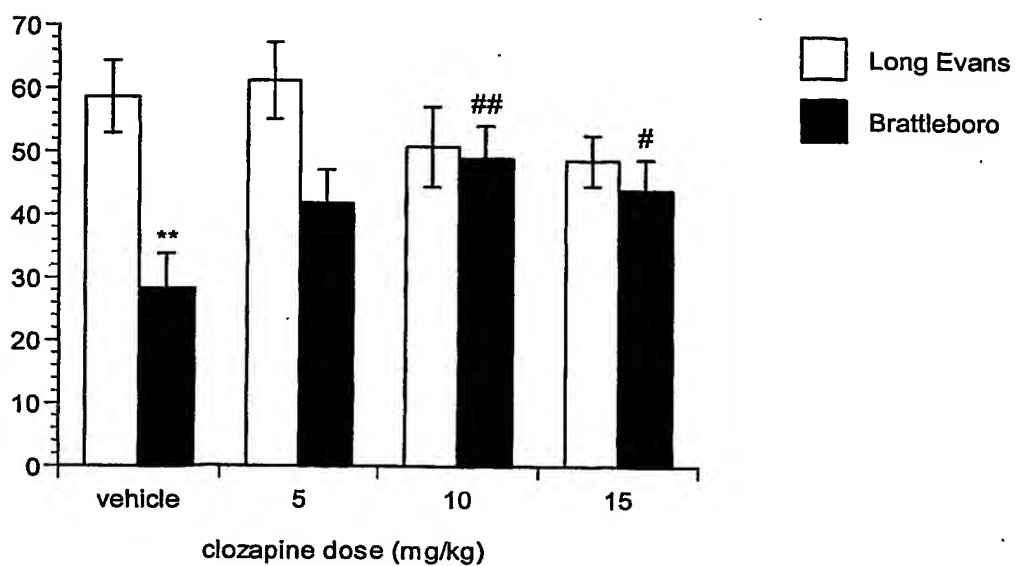
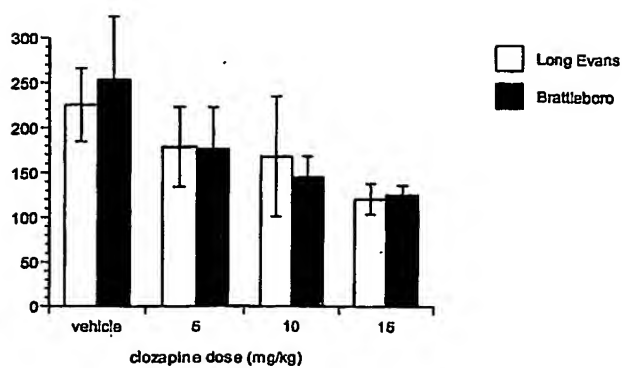


Figure 8

Clozapine, dose-dependently increased PPI in BB rats

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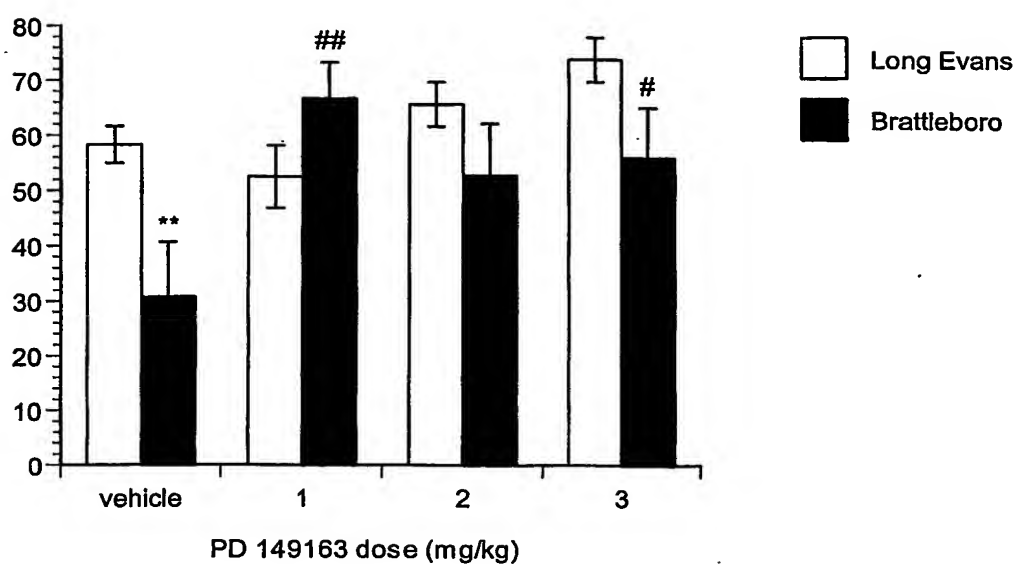
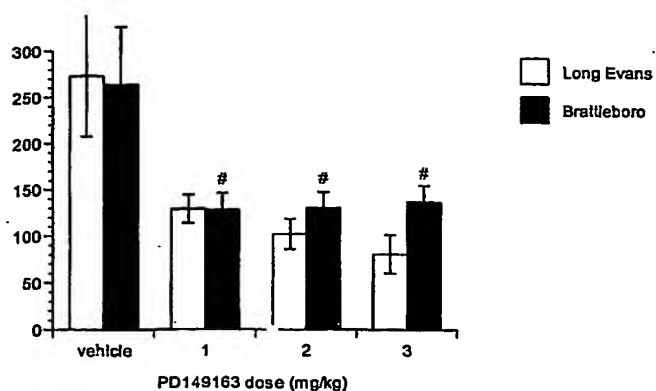


Figure 9

PD149163 increased PPI in BB rats and in control Long Evans rats (wild type)

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## Brown Norway Rats

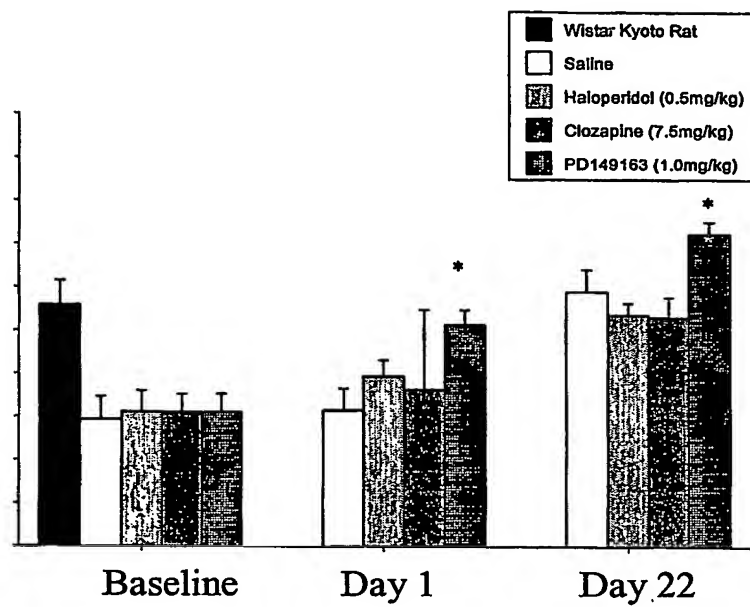


Figure 10

PD149163 but not haloperidol or clozapine increases PPI in BN rats

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